

Recombinant Human Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor (rHuM-CSF)

PrimeGene Technical Data Sheet

Catalog Number: 102-09

Source: Escherichia coli.

Molecular Weight: Approximately 36.8 kDa, a disulfide-linked homodimer consisting of two 158 amino acid polypeptide

chains.

Quantity: $2\mu g/10\mu g/1000\mu g$

AA Sequence: EEVSEYCSHM IGSGHLQSLQ RLIDSQMETS CQITFEFVDQ EQLKDPVCYL KKAFLLVQDI

MEDTMRFRDN TPNAIAIVQL QELSLRLKSC FTKDYEEHDK ACVRTFYETP LQLLEKVKNV

FNETKNLLDK DWNIFSKNCN NSFAECSSQG HERQSEGS

Purity: > 95 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

Biological Activity: Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED_{50} as determined by a cell proliferation

assay using murine M-NFS-60 cells is less than 1 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of > 1.0

 \times 10⁶ IU/mg.

Physical Appearance: Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4.

Endotoxin: Less than 1 EU/μg of rHuM-CSF as determined by LAL method.

Reconstitution: We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the

bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water to a concentration of 0.1 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at \leq -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in

Rev. 08/20/2018 V.3

appropriate buffered solutions.

Shipping: The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature

recommended below.

Stability & Storage: Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

• 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.

• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

• 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

Usage: This material is offered by Shanghai PrimeGene Bio-Tech for research, laboratory or further

evaluation purposes. **NOT FOR HUMAN USE**.

Human Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor

Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor (M-CSF), also named CSF-1, is a hematopoietic growth factor that is involved in the proliferation, differentiation, and survival of monocytes, macrophages, and bone marrow progenitor cells. It is produced by osteoblasts (as a result of endocrine stimulation by parathyroid hormone) exerts paracrine effects on osteoclasts and can interact with CSF1R. M-CSF is a four α-helical bundle cytokine and its active form is found extracellularly as a disulfide-linked homodimer. Four transcript variants encoding three different isoforms have been reported for M-CSF gene. Although forms may vary, all of them contain the N-terminal 150 a.a. portion that is necessary and sufficient for interaction with the receptor. The first 223 a.a. of mature human M-CSF shares 88 %, 86 %, 81 % and 74 % sequence identity with corresponding regions of dog, cow, mouse and rat M-CSF, respectively. Human M-CSF is active in the mouse, but mouse M-CSF is reported to be species-specific.

Shanghai PrimeGene Bio-Tech Co., Ltd.

Website: www.primegene.com.cn
Tel: +86 21 52380373
Website: www.primegene.com
Fax: +86 21 61077348
Email: info.pg@bio-techne.com